

E.G.S. PILLAY ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(Autonomous)

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi | Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade | Accredited by NBA (CIVIL, CSE, ECE, EEE,

IT, MECH)

NAGAPATTINAM – 611 002



B.E ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Third Year – Eighth Semester

Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C	Maximum Marks			Category
						CA	ES	Total	
Theory Course									
1901MGX07	Universal Human Values and Ethics	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	HSSC
	Professional Elective – IV	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PEC
	Professional Elective – V	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PEC
Laboratory Course									
1904EC851	Project Work	0	0	14	7	50	50	100	
Total		9	0	14	16	170	230	400	

Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C	Maximum Marks		
						CA	ES	Total
PROFESSIONALELECTIVES – IV								
1903EC016	Machine Learning and Pattern recognition	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
1903EC017	Embedded System	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
1903EC018	Multimedia Communication	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
1903EC019	Wireless Communication	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
1903EC020	High Speed Switching Networks	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
PROFESSIONALELECTIVES – V								
1903EC021	Nano Electronics	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

1903EC022	Opto Electronic Devices	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
1903EC023	Speech Processing	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
1903EC024	Microwave Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
1903EC025	Satellite Communication	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

1901MGX07	Universal Human Values and Ethics	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
	(Common to B.E / B.Tech – CSE, IT & ECE)				
Course Objectives:					
	1. To help students distinguish between values and skills, and understand the need, basic guidelines, content and process of value education.				
	2. To help students initiate a process of dialog within themselves to know what they ‘really want to be’ in their life and profession				
	3. To help students understand the meaning of happiness and prosperity for a human being.				
	4. To facilitate the students to understand harmony at all the levels of human living, and live accordingly.				
	5. To facilitate the students in applying the understanding of harmony in existence in their profession and lead an ethical life				
Module I	Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education	9 Hours			
	1. Understanding the need, basic guidelines, content and process for Value Education 2. Self Exploration–what is it? - its content and process; ‘Natural Acceptance’ and Experiential Validation- as the mechanism for self exploration 3. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations 4. Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities- the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority 5. Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario 6. Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels				
Module II	Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself	9 Hours			
	7. Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient ‘I’ and the material ‘Body’ 8. Understanding the needs of Self (‘I’) and ‘Body’ - Sukh and Suvidha 9. Understanding the Body as an instrument of ‘I’ (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer) 10. Understanding the characteristics and activities of ‘I’ and harmony in ‘I’ 11. Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Swasthya; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail 12. Programs to ensure Sanyam and Swasthya				
Module III	Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-Human Relationship	9 Hours			
	13. Understanding harmony in the Family- the basic unit of human interaction 14. Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of <i>Nyaya</i> and program for its fulfillment to ensure <i>Ubhay-tripti</i> ; Trust (<i>Vishwas</i>) and Respect (<i>Samman</i>) as the foundational values of relationship 15. Understanding the meaning of <i>Vishwas</i> ; Difference between intention and competence 16. Understanding the meaning of <i>Samman</i> , Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship 17. Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): <i>Samadhan</i> , <i>Samridhi</i> , <i>Abhay</i> , <i>Sah-astitva</i> as comprehensive Human Goals 18. Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society (<i>AkhandSamaj</i>), Universal Order (<i>SarvabhaumVyavastha</i>) - from family to world family!				
Module IV	Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Co-existence	9 Hours			

19. Understanding the harmony in the Nature 20. Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature- recyclability and self-regulation in nature 21. Understanding Existence as Co-existence (<i>Sah-astitva</i>) of mutually interacting units in all-pervasive space 22. Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence		
Module V	Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics	9 Hours
23. Natural acceptance of human values 24. Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct 25. Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order 26. Competence in Professional Ethics: a) Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order, b) Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people-friendly and eco-friendly production systems, technologies and management models 27. Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems 28. Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: a) At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers b) At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations		
		Total: 45 Hours
Further Reading:		
Professional Ethics & Business Ethics		
Course Outcomes:		
After completion of the course, Student will be able to		
1. Understand the significance of value inputs in a classroom and start applying them in their life and profession		
2. Distinguish between values and skills, happiness and accumulation of physical facilities, the Self and the Body, Intention and Competence of an individual, etc.		
3. Understand the value of harmonious relationship based on trust and respect in their life and profession		
4. Understand the role of a human being in ensuring harmony in society and nature.		
5. Distinguish between ethical and unethical practices, and start working out the strategy to actualize a harmonious environment wherever they work.		
References:		
Text Book: 1. R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, 2009, A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics.		
Reference Books: 1. Ivan Illich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and Harper Collins, USA 2. E.F. Schumacher, 1973, Small is Beautiful: a study of economics as if people mattered, Blond & Briggs, Britain. 3. Sussan George, 1976, How the Other Half Dies, Penguin Press. Reprinted 1986, 1991		

4. Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, 1972, Limits to Growth – Club of Rome’s report, Universe Books.
5. A Nagraj, 1998, Jeevan Vidya EkParichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.
6. P L Dhar, RR Gaur, 1990, Science and Humanism, Commonwealth Publishers.
7. A N Tripathy, 2003, Human Values, New Age International Publishers.
8. SubhasPalekar, 2000, How to practice Natural Farming, Pracheen (Vaidik) KrishiTantraShodh, Amravati.
9. E G Seebauer & Robert L. Berry, 2000, Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists & Engineers, Oxford University Press
10. M Govindrajran, S Natrajan & V.S. Senthil Kumar, Engineering Ethics (including Human Values), Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd.
11. B P Banerjee, 2005, Foundations of Ethics and Management, Excel Books.
12. B L Bajpai, 2004, Indian Ethos and Modern Management, New Royal Book Co., Lucknow. Reprinted 2008.

LABORATORY COURSE

1904EC851	PROJECT WORK			L	T	P	C
				0	0	14	7
Course Objectives:	The students should be made to:						
	1. To develop self-learning skills of utilizing various technical resources to design a product.						
	2. To test technical presentation and communication skills.						
<p>The students (with team size no more than 4 students in a team) are expected to make a project on topics (Preferably in recent trends) related to Electronics and Communication Engineering. A faculty guide is to be allotted and he / she will guide and monitor the progress of the student and maintain attendance also. Students are encouraged to use various teaching aids such as power point presentation and demonstrative models which should be presented to panel which consist no less than five faculties (excluding course co coordinator). The average of the mark given by all panel members is taken into consideration. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated based on oral presentation and the project report jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department.</p>							
Evaluation Scheme: Continuous Assessment (100)							
Distribution of marks for Continuous Assessment:							
ZEROTH REVIEW :			10 marks				
FIRST REVIEW:			20 marks				
SECOND REVIEW:			20 marks				
FINAL REVIEW/DEMO:			30 marks				
REPORT:			20 marks				
Total Marks:			100				
						Total:	210 Hours
Course Outcomes:							
After completion of the course, Student will be able to							
1. Inspect technology for designed product in Electronics and communication engineering field.							
2. Improve the technical presentation and communication skills.							
3. Connect different domains to make intelligent system.							
4. Maximize their technical knowledge with discussing others.							
5. Develop solution for mathematical models with respect to Electronics and Communication engineering field.							

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES – IV

1903EC016	MACHINE LEARNING AND PATTERN RECOGNITION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
		(Common to B.E / B.Tech – CSE, IT & ECE)			
Course Objectives:					
	1. Provide knowledge of models, methods and tools used to solve regression, classification, feature selection and density estimation problems				
	2. Provide knowledge of learning and adaptation in supervised modes of learning				
	3. Provide knowledge of recognition, decision making and statistical learning problems.				
	4. Provide knowledge of current research topics and issues in Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning				
	5. Provide knowledge about linear functions				
Unit I	BASICS OF PROBABILITY, RANDOM PROCESSES AND LINEAR ALGEBRA				9 Hours
Probability: independence of events- conditional and joint probability-Bayes theorem Random Processes: Stationary and non-stationary processes- Expectation- Autocorrelation, Cross-Correlation-spectra.					
Unit II	BAYES DECISION THEORY				9 Hours
Minimum-error-rate classification. Classifiers-Discriminant functions-Decision surfaces. Normal density and discriminant functions-Discrete features.					
Unit III	PARAMETER ESTIMATION METHODS				9 Hours
Maximum-Likelihood estimation :Gaussian case. Maximum a Posteriori estimation. Bayesian estimation: Gaussian case. Unsupervised learning and clustering - Criterion functions for clustering- Algorithms for clustering: K-Means-Hierarchical and other methods-Cluster validation- Gaussian mixture models- Expectation-Maximization method for parameter estimation- Maximum entropy estimation-Sequential Pattern Recognition-Hidden Markov Models (HMMs)-Discrete HMM- Continuous HMMs-Nonparametric techniques for density estimation- Parzen-window method- K-Nearest Neighbour method.					
Unit IV	DIMENSIONALITY REDUCTION				9 Hours
Principal component analysis - it relationship to eigen analysis- Fisher discriminant analysis - Generalised eigen analysis- Eigen vectors/Singular vectors as dictionaries. Factor Analysis- Total variability space - a dictionary learning methods-Non negative matrix factorisation - a dictionary learning method.					
Unit V	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND LINEAR DISCRIMINANT FUNCTIONS				12 Hours
Inner product-outer product, inverses- eigen values-eigen vectors-singular values-singular vectors-Gradient descent procedures-Perceptron-Support vector machines - a brief introduction.					
Total:					45 + 15 Hours

Further Reading:	
	attern Recognition and Machine Learning (Information Science and Statistics) by Christopher M. Bishop
	he Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction, Second Edition...
Course Outcomes:	
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to
	1:Identify areas where Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning can offer a solution
	2: Describe the strength and limitations of some techniques used in computational Machine Learning for classification, regression and density estimation problems
	3: Describe genetic algorithms, validation methods and sampling techniques
	4 :l Describe some discriminative, generative and kernel based techniques
	5 :Describe and model sequential data
References:	
	R.O.Duda, P.E.Hart and D.G.Stork, Pattern Classification, John Wiley, 2001 1.
	S.Theodoridis and K.Koutroumbas, Pattern Recognition, 4th Ed., Academic Press, 2009 2.
	C.M.Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006 3.

1903EC017		EMBEDDED SYSTEM	L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:						
	1. Discuss the concepts of basic embedded systems.					
	2. Describe about the ARM architecture.					
	3. To introduce various technologies and protocols involved in Embedded communication protocols.					
	4. To study about the different I/O device interfacing modules.					
	5. To use the embedded controllers in real time applications.					
Unit I	Introduction					9 Hours
Introduction to Embedded System, Embedded System Architecture, Embedded hardware, Embedded software, Classifications of Embedded Systems and Characteristics, Challenges and Design issues in Embedded systems, Embedded System on-chip. .						
Unit II	ARM Processor					9 Hours
ARM processor naming, Types. CISC vs. RISC, Von-Neumann vs. Harvard architecture, ARM M3 features, Architecture, pipeline, Mode of operation, Instruction set, Exception handling						
Unit III	Embedded Communication Protocols					9 Hours
Communication protocols – USART, I2C, CAN, SPI. Wireless communication protocols: Bluetooth, ZigBee, Z wave.						
Unit IV	I/O Device Interfacing					9 Hours
C Programming, Interfacing Simple I/O Devices Like LED, Seven Segment, LCD, Switches, Motor (DC, Stepper, Servo), Relays and Sensors. Introduction to IOT						
Unit V	Embedded controllers Application					9 Hours
Home automation, Wireless sensor monitoring, Environmental monitoring, Gas leakage detection, Elevator design, Alarm clock using timers, Washing machine, Auto focusing Digital camera and Wearable devices						
					Total:	45Hours
Further Reading:						
	1. Arduino Machine learning using raspberry pi					
Course Outcomes:						
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to					
	1. Outline the properties of embedded system.					
	2. Point out the functionality of ARM processor.					
	3. Make use of the communication protocols in application specific purposes.					
	4. Interface I/O device peripherals with microcontroller.					
	5. Solve the real life problems using embedded systems.					
References:						
1. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems- Architecture, Programming and Design", Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, 2008.						
2. Julio Sanchez Maria P.Canton, "Microcontroller Programming: The microchip PIC", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2007.						
3. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C Second Edition Muhammad Ali Mazidi Janice Gillispie Mazidi Rolin D. McKinlay.						
4. Martin Bates, "Interfacing PIC microcontrollers-Embedded Design by Interactive Simulation", Newnes Publication, 2006.						

1903EC018		MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATIONS	L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:						
	1.To have a detailed knowledge of compression and decompression techniques					
	2.To introduce the concepts of multimedia communication					
	3. To introduce standards of MPEG					
Unit I	Introduction to Multimedia Communications					5 Hours
Components of multimedia system, Desirable features, Applications of multimedia systems, Introduction to different types, Multimedia storage device.						
Unit II	Digital audio representation					9 Hours
Digital audio representation and processing - time domain and transform domain representations. Coding standards, transmission and processing of digital audio. Musical instrument synthesizers.						
Unit III	Image coding algorithms					12 Hours
Still image coding - JPEG. Discrete cosine Transform. Sequential and Progressive DCT based encoding algorithms, lossless coding, hierarchical coding. Basic concepts of discrete wavelet transform coding and embedded image coding algorithms. Introduction to JPEG2000.						
Unit IV	MPEG					9 Hours
Feature of MPEG1, structure of encoding and decoding process, MPEG2 enhancements, and different blocks of MPEG video encoder.						
Unit V	Video coding					10 Hours
Content based video coding - overview of MPEG4 video, motion estimation and compensation. Different coding techniques and verification models. Block diagram of MPEG4 video encoder and decoder. An overview of H261 and H263 video coding techniques						
					Total:	45
Further Reading:						
	1. Advanced compression techniques					
	2. Coding Techniques					
Course Outcomes:						
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to					
	1. Describe various multimedia components					
	2. Describe compression and decompression techniques					
	3. Apply the compression concepts in multimedia communication					
	4. Describe the video encoding					
	5. To know the digital audio representation					
References:						
1. Fred Halsall, "Multimedia Communications", Pearson education, 2001						
2. J.S. Chitode, "Information coding techniques", Technical publications, 1 st edition 2007.						
3. Raifsteinmetz, Klara Nahrstedt, "Multimedia: Computing, Communications and Applications", Pearson education, 2002						
4. John Billamil, Louis Molina, "Multimedia : An Introduction", PHI, 2002						

1903EC019		WIRELESS COMMUNICATION	L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:						
	1. To impart the fundamentals concepts of wireless communication systems.					
	2. To introduce various technologies and protocols involved in wireless cellular communication.					
	3. To understand the concepts of signalling schemes for fading channels and analyze its channel capacity.					
Unit I	PROPAGATION AND MULTIPLE ACCESS TECHNIQUES					9 Hours
Fading - Multipath propagation mechanisms - Propagation Models: Free space model, Two ray ground reflection model, Macro cell and Micro cell propagation models. Multiple Access Techniques: FDMA, CDMA, TDMA, SDMA.						
Unit II	CELLULAR MOBILE WIRELESS SYSTEMS					9 Hours
Cellular Systems: Structure - Cell Cluster - Frequency reuse - Channel Interference - Cell splitting and sectoring - Channel Assignment schemes: Fixed, Dynamic and Hybrid - Network Architecture - Mobility Management - Location Management - Resource Management: Microcell Concept.						
Unit III	WIDEBAND SYSTEMS					9 Hours
GSM Network Architecture - GPRS: Network Architecture, Signaling, Mobility management, Location Management, Roaming. CDMA: IS95 systems, Forward link, Reverse Link, PN sequence related to CDMA - UMTS: Network Architecture and Interface.						
Unit IV	EQUALIZATION AND DIVERSITY TECHNIQUES					9 Hours
Fundamentals of equalization - Equalizers in communication receivers: Linear equalization, Non-linear equalization: DFE, MLSE Equalizer, Adaptive Equalizer. Diversity Techniques: Time diversity, Antenna diversity, Frequency diversity: Single carrier with ISI, DSSS, OFDM.						
Unit V	MOBILE TECHNOLOGY					9 Hours
GSM.3G, 4G (LTE), NFC systems, WLAN technology. WLL. Hyper LAN. Ad hoc networks. Bluetooth.						
					Total:	45 Hours
Further Reading:						
	3. 5G Communication					
	4. FSOC					
Course Outcomes:						
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to					
	1. Describe the cellular concept and analyze capacity improvement Techniques.					
	2. Design Base Station (BS) parameters and analyze the antenna configurations.					
	3. Explain the various concept of Wideband systems.					
	4. Summarize diversity reception techniques					
	5. Assess the latest wireless technologies.					
References:						
1. Cory Beard and William Stallings, "Wireless Communication Networks and Systems" Pearson, 2015.						
2. A.F.Molisch, Wireless Communications, Wiley, 2005.						
3. T.S.Rappaport, Wireless Communications: Principles and Practice, Second Edition, Pearson Education/ Prentice Hall of India, Third Indian Reprint 2003.						
4. ITI SahaMisra, "Wireless Communication and Networks : 3G and beyond", McGraw Hil Education Pvt Ltd., Second edition, 2013.						
5. K. Daniel Wong, "Fundamentals of Wireless Communication Engineering Technologies" Wiley, 2012.						
6. P.MuthuChidambaraNathan, Wireless Communications, PHI, 2008						
7. A.Goldsmith, Wireless Communications, Cambridge University Press, 2005.						

1903EC020	HIGH SPEED SWITCHING NETWORKS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:					
	1. To tell important concepts of multimedia networking.				
	2. To study the types of VPN and tunneling protocols for security.				
	3. To learn about network security in many layers and network management.				
Unit I	INTRODUCTION	9 Hours			
Review of OSI, TCP/IP; Multiplexing, Modes of Communication, Switching, Routing .SONET– DWDM– DSL– ISDN– B-ISDN, ATM.					
Unit II	MULTIMEDIA NETWORKING APPLICATIONS	9 Hours			
Streaming stored Audio and Video– Best effort service– protocols for real time interactive applications– Beyond best effort– scheduling and policing mechanism – integrated services– RSVP– differentiated services.					
Unit III	ADVANCED NETWORKS CONCEPTS	9 Hours			
VPN– Remote– Access VPN, site–to–site VPN, Tunneling to PPP, Security in VPN. MPLS– operation, Routing, Tunneling and use of FEC, Traffic Engineering, MPLS based VPN, overlay networks– P2P connections.					
Unit IV	TRAFFIC MODELLING	9 Hours			
Little’s theorem, Need for modeling, Poisson modeling and its failure, Non–poisson models, Network performance evaluation.					
Unit V	NETWORK SECURITY AND MANAGEMENT	9 Hours			
Principles of cryptography – Authentication– integrity– key distribution and certification– Access control and: firewalls– attacks and counter measures– security in many layers. Infrastructure for network management – The internet standard management framework – SMI, MIB, SNMP, Security and administration– ASN.1					
				Total:	45 Hours
Further Reading:					
IP Switching , Ipv6, Ipv6 over ATM					
Course Outcomes:					
After completion of the course, Student will be able to					
1. know basics of Networks					
2. Understand applications of multimedia networking					
3. Examine advanced networking techniques					
4. illustrate Traffic modelling concepts					
5. know security basics and its management					
References:					
1. J.F. Kurose & K.W. Ross, "Computer Networking- A top down approach featuring the internet", Pearson 2 nd edition, 2003.					
2. Walrand.J. Varatya, High performance communication network, Morgan Kaufman– Harcourt Asia Pvt.Ltd. 2 nd Edition, 2000.3.					
3. LEOM-Garcia, WIDJAJA, "Communication networks", TMH seventh reprint 2002.					
4. Aunuragkumar, D.M Anjunath, Joykuri, "Communication Networking", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 1 st ed 2004.5.					
5. Harsent Gurle & petit, "IP Telephony, packet Pored Multimedia communication Systems", Pearson education 2003.6.					
6. Fred Halsall and Lingana Gouda Kulkarni, "Computer Networking and the Internet" fifth edition, Pearson education 7					
7. Nader F.Mir, Computer and Communication Networks, first edition.8.					
8. Larry L. Peterson & Bruce S. David, "Computer Networks: A System Approach"-1996					

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES – V

1903EC021		NANOELECTRONICS	L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:						
	1. To be exposed of basic electronics and quantum electronics.					
	2. To be familiar with basic Nanoelectronics devices and Plasmonics.					
	3. To learn about optoelectronics and Spintronics.					
	4. To know various architecture methodologies					
Unit I	INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRONICS AND QUANTUM DEVICES:					9 Hours
Classification Of Solids-Energy Level-Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductor-Conduction In Metal And Semiconductor-Semiconductor Diodes-Basic Principle Of Led-Charge And Spin In Single Quantum Dots-Coulomb Blockade-Electrons In Mesoscopic Structures-Single Electron Transfer Devices (Sets)-Electron Spin Transistor –resonant tunnel diodes ,tunnel FETs-quantum interference transistors devices(QUITs)-quantum dot cellular automata(QCAs)-quantum bits(qubits).						
Unit II	NANOELECTRONICS DEVICES AND PLASMONICS:					9 Hours
Electronic transport in 1,2 and 3 dimensions-quantum confinement –energy sub bands –effective mass-diode conduction-mean free path in 3D-ballistic conduction –phase coherence length –quantized conductance-buttiker-landauer formula-electron transport in pn junctions-short channel nano transistor -single photon transistor using surface plasmon-nanowire surface plasmons-interaction with matter-channel plasmon-polarising guiding by sub wavelength metal groves-surface plasmon polarizations and localized surface plasmon.						
Unit III	OPTOELECTRONIC CRYSTALS AND ITS FABRICATION:					9 Hours
Linear optonic crystal –maxwells equations bloch’s theorem transmission spectra –non linear optics in linear optonic crystals slab –nonlinear optonic crystal and its application-fabrication of optonic crystals structures(1D,2D&3D)-applications;1D crystals -coupler waveguide-high-Q cavities –optonic crystal fiber-4 tunable optonic crystal filters.						
Unit IV	SPINTRONICS:					9 Hours
Spin tunnelling devices-magnetic tunnel junction –tunnelling spin polarization –giant tunnelling using MgO tunnel barriers-tunnel-based spin injectors-spin injections and spin transport in hybrid nanostructures –spin filters -spin diodes –magnetic tunnel transistor-spin relaxation and spin dephasing-memory devices and sensors-ferroelectric random access memory-MRAMS-field sensors –multiferro electric sensors-spintronic biosensors						
Unit V	NANOELECTRONIC ARCHITECTURES AND COMPUTATIONS					9 Hours
Architecture principles-mono and multi processor systems-parallel data processing –power dissipation and parallelism –classic systolic arrays –molecular devices-properties –self-organization –size dependent limitations,computation:montecarlo simulations –computational methods and simulations from ab initio multiscale modelling –modelling of nanodevices						
					Total:	45 Hours
Further Reading:						
	1. Quantum Dots for fiber optic communication					
	2. Quantum cellular automata					
Course Outcomes:						
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to					
	1. Explain the theory, principle of basic electronics and quantum electronics.					
	2. Explain the characteristics of Nanoelectronics and Plasmonic devices.					
	3. Summarize the various type’s Optoelectronic crystals and its working principle.					
	4. Explain the characteristics, theory and construction of Spintronics devices.					
	5. Design an architecture Nanoelectronics system design					
References:						
1. W.Rainer, Nano electronics and information technology, Wiley,.						
2. K.E.Drexlex, Nanosystems,Wiley,(2014).revised edition						
3. M.C.Gupta, J.Balloto the Handbook of photonics.						
4. Nanotechnology for microelectronics and optoelectronics, J.M.Martinez-Durat, Raul J.Martin-palma.						
5. V.Kochelp,M.stroscio,’’Introduction to nanoelectronics, Cambridge university press (2013).						

6. Rainer Waser, "Nano electronics and information technology; advanced electronic material and novel devices", Wiley-VCH(2010).

1903EC022	OPTOELECTRONICS DEVICES			L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3	
Course Objectives:							
	1. To understand the elements of solid state physics 2. To study lighting emitting and detecting devices 3. To provide basic knowledge about optical modulators and various applications of optoelectronics						
UNIT I	Elements of solid state physics						9 Hours
Wave nature of light- Polarization interference- Diffraction- Light Source- Review of quantum mechanical concept - III-V and II-VI Semiconductor.- Electronic and optical properties of III-V and II-VI semiconductors (Energy bandgap and wavelength)							
UNIT II	Principles of Light emitting devices						9 Hours
Photo luminescence- Cathode luminescence- Electro luminescence- Injection luminescence- LEDS plasma display- Liquid crystal displays- Numeric displays laser emission- Absorption- Radiation- laser and its different classes – applications of laser in various fields.							
UNIT III	Photodetectors						9 Hours
Photodetectors -performance criteria of a photodetector- expressions for quantum efficiency -responsivity, photoconductors and photodiodes-PIN diodes - heterojunction diodes and APDs - characteristics and device performance - high speed measurement photoresistors - CCDs, photomultiplier tube- noises in photodetectors, SNR - noise equivalent power.							
UNIT IV	Optical Modulators						9 Hours
Birefringence, uniaxial and biaxial crystals, index ellipsoid, electro-optic effect, electro optic retardation. Phase and amplitude modulators, transverse electro optic modulators and design considerations- high frequency modulation considerations, transit time limitations in lumped modulators, travelling wave modulators. Acousto-optic effect, Raman-Nath and Bragg regime, acousto-optic modulators, magneto optic effects, spatial light modulators.							
UNIT V	Applications of optoelectronics						9 Hours
Optical communication sources – Quantum dot laser - Quantum well laser – application of lighting devices in mechatronics and biomedical fields – laser in welding technology- case study: eye operation by laser methodologies.							
						Total:	45 Hours
Further Reading:	Integrated optics circuits						
Course Outcomes:							
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to						
	1. Explain the various elements of light emitting devices						
	2. Discuss different light emitting devices						
	3. Explain the working principle of photodetectors						
	4. Reveal the operation of optical modulators						
	5. Discuss the various application of optoelectronics.						
References:							
1. Wilson J and Hawkes J, —Opto-electronics: An Introduction, 3 rd Edition, PHI Learning, 2007							
2. Pallab Bhattacharya, —Semiconductor Opto-electronic Devices, 3 rd Edition, PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2010							
3. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/115102026/							

1903EC023	SPEECH PROCESSING			L	T	P	C
				3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:							
	1. To make the students to understand the digital Speech fundamentals.						
	2. To study the digital models and processing of speech signal						
	3. To acquire the basic knowledge in filters, voice enhancement, voice restoration and compression techniques.						
Unit I	DIGITAL MODELS FOR SPEECH SIGNAL					9 Hours	
Process and of speech production –Acoustic theory of speech production –Digital models							
Unit II	TIME DOMAIN METHODS FOR SPEECH PROCESSING					9 Hours	
Time domain parameters of Speech –Methods for extracting the parameters–Zero crossings –Auto correlation –Pitch estimation							
Unit III	FREQUENCY DOMAIN METHODS FOR SPEECH PROCESSING					9 Hours	
Short Time Fourier analysis –Filter bank analysis –Spectrographic analysis –Formant extraction –pitch extraction –Analysis & synthesis systems							
Unit IV	LINEAR PREDICTIVE CODING OF SPEECH					9 Hours	
Formulation of LPC in time domain –Solution of LPC equations –Interpretation of LP in auto correlation and spectral domains.							
Unit V	SPEECH ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS					9 Hours	
Cepstral analysis of speech –Pitch estimation –Speech recognition, Synthesis & Speaker verification							
						Total:	45 Hours
Further Reading:							
Course Outcomes:							
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to						
	1. Identify nature of speech generation and modeling of speech production						
	2. Discuss digital models and processing of speech signal						
	3. Classify different methods for speech processing .						
	4. Apply mathematical tools to module speech						
	5. Outline various speech parameters with appropriate techniques						
References:							
1. L.R. Rabiner and R.E Schafer, - Digital processing of speech signals, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd , 2011							
2. L.R. Rabiner and Biling Hwang Juang,- Fundamentals of Speech recognition, Pearson Education,2003							
3. J.L Flanagan, - Speech Analysis Synthesis and Perception - 2nd Edition , Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 2012							
4. I.H. Witten, - Principles of Computer Speech,Academic press, 2010.							
5. Thomas F. Quateri, -Discrete - Time Speech Processing – Principles and Practice, Pearson Education, 2004							

1903EC024	MICROWAVE INTEGRATED CIRCUITS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:					
1.To gain knowledge in the area of planar microwave engineering and to makethem understand the intricacies in the design of microwave circuits. 2.To learn about the state of art in MIC technology.					
Unit I	INTRODUCTION TO MICROWAVE CIRCUITS	9 Hours			
Definitions – Frequency Bands – Lumped versus Distributed Circuits - Behavior of finite length transmission lines – General Characteristics of PC Boards – Transmission Lines on PC Boards – Passives made from Transmission Lines – Resonators - Combiners, Splitters and Couplers					
Unit II	MATCHING NETWORKS AND FILTER DESIGN	9 Hours			
Circuit Representation of two port RF/Microwave Networks: Low Frequency Parameters, High Frequency Parameters, Transmission Matrix, ZY Smith Chart, Design of Matching Circuits using Lumped Elements, Matching Network Design using Distributed Elements, Filter design.					
Unit III	AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS	9 Hours			
Amplifiers: Stability considerations in active networks – Gain Consideration in Amplifiers – Noise Consideration in active networks – Broadband Amplifier design – Low Noise Amplifier Design, Oscillators: Oscillator versus Amplifier Design – Oscillation conditions – Design and stability considerations of Microwave Transistor Oscillators					
Unit IV	MIXERS AND CONTROL CIRCUITS	9 Hours			
Mixer Types – Conversion Loss – SSB and DSB Mixers – Design of Mixers: Single Ended Mixers – Single Balanced Mixers - Sub Harmonic Diode Mixers ,Microwave Diodes , Phase Shifters – PIN Diode Attenuators					
Unit V	MICROWAVE IC DESIGN AND MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES	12 Hours			
Microwave Integrated Circuits – MIC Materials- Hybrid versus Monolithic MICs – Multichip Module Technology - Fabrication Techniques, Miniaturization techniques, Introduction to SOC, SOP, Test fixture measurements, probe station measurements, thermal and cryogenic measurements, Experimental field probing techniques.					
		Total:	45 + 15 Hours		
Further Reading:					
Course Outcomes:					
After completion of the course, Student will be able to					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discuss about lumped elements, distributed elements and transmission line parameters in Electronic circuits. 2. Illustrate the concept of Matching networks and filter design in Microwave Engineering. 3. Describe about Oscillator and amplifier in Microwave integrated circuits. 4. Interpret the concept of Mixer circuits in Microwave engineering. 5. Identify the fabrication techniques of MMIC and HMIC in Microwave engineering. 					
References:					
Thomas H.Lee, “Planar Microwave Engineering”, Cambridge University Press, 2004,					
Matthew M. Radmanesh, “Radio Frequency and Microwave Electronics”, Pearson Education, II Edition, 2002.					
“Microwave Transistor Amplifiers – Analysis and Design”, II Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey					
Ravender Goyal, “Monolithic MIC; Technology & Design”, Artech House, 1989.					
Gupta K.C. and Amarjit Singh, “ Microwave Integrated Circuits”, John Wiley, New York, 1975.					
Ulrich L. Rohde and David P.N., “ RF / Microwave Circuit Design for Wireless Applications”, John Wiley, 2000.					

1903EC025	SATELLITE COMMUNICATION				L	T	P	C
					3	0	0	3
Course Objectives:								
	1. To impart knowledge about the Satellite communication.							
	2. To enhance the students' knowledge in astronomy and space							
Unit I	SATELLITE ORBITS						9 Hours	
Introduction - Spectrum allocations for satellite systems -Kepler's Laws - orbital parameters - orbital perturbations - station keeping – Type of orbits - Geo stationary orbits – look angle determination- limits of visibility – eclipse -sub satellite point – sun transit outage - launching procedures - launch vehicles and propulsion.								
Unit II	SPACE AND EARTH SEGMENT						9 Hours	
Spacecraft technology- structure- power supply- attitude and orbit control - thermal control and propulsion - communication subsystems - telemetry, tracking and command - Transponders Antenna subsystem, Equipment reliability. Earth station technology -Receive only home TV systems - MATV – CATV – Transmit Receive Earth Stations.								
Unit III	SATELLITE ACCESS						9 Hours	
Modulation and Multiplexing-Voice, Data, Video, Analog – digital transmission system-Digital video broadcast - multiple access: FDMA, TDMA, CDMA- assignment methods -spread spectrum communication								
Unit IV	SATELLITE LINK DESIGN						9 Hours	
Introduction- Equivalent isotropic radiated power -Transmission Losses – Link power budget equation - System Noise, Carrier to Noise ratio – uplink – downlink – effects of rain – combined uplink and downlink C/N ratio – inter modulation noise - Interference between satellites.								
Unit V	SATELLITE APPLICATIONS						9 Hours	
Satellite mobile services – VSAT- Radarsat- GSM, GPS, Direct Broadcast satellites (DBS) - Direct to home Broadcast (DTH) -Digital audio broadcast (DAB) – World space services, Business TV (BTV) – GRAMSAT - Specialized services: E mail, Video conferencing, Internet- INTELSAT Series- INSAT – INMARSAT.								
							Total:	45 Hours
Further Reading:								
	Latest trend in satellite communication, Recent launching satellites and its application, Communication between satellites, Comparison of satellite							
Course Outcomes:								
	After completion of the course, Student will be able to							
	1. Describe the basics of orbit and launching methods in satellite communication							
	2. Summarize the elements in space segment and link budget calculations							
	3. Explain earth station technology and test equipments							
	4. Interpret the accessing technique used in satellite communication							
	5. Differentiate various broadcast services and DTH compression standards. utilizing satellite communication							
References:								
1. Wilbur L.Pritchard, Hendri G. Suyderhoud, Robert A. Nelson, “Satellite Communication Systems Engineering”, Prentice Hall/Pearson, 2007.								
2. N.Agarwal, “Design of Geosynchronous Space Craft”, Prentice Hall, 1986.								
3. Bruce R. Elbert, “The Satellite Communication Applications”, Hand Book, Artech House Bostan London, 1997.								
4. Tri T. Ha, “Digital Satellite Communication”, II nd edition, 1990.								
5. Emanuel Fthenakis, “Manual of Satellite Communications”, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., 1984.								
6. Robert G. Winch, “Telecommunication Trans Mission Systems”, Mc Graw-Hill Book Co., 1983								
7. Brian Ackroyd, “World Satellite Communication and earth station Design”, BSP professional Books, 1990.								
8. G.B.Bleazard, “Introducing Satellite communications“, NCC Publication, 1985.								
9. M.Richharia, “Satellite Communication Systems-Design Principles”, Macmillan 2003.								